



**Anticoagulant**  
**Pradaxa (dabigatran etexilate mesylate)**  
**Savaysa (edoxaban)**  
**Xarelto 2.5mg (rivaroxaban)**  
**Effective 01/01/2021**

<b>Plan</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MassHealth <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial/Exchange	<b>Program Type</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prior Authorization
<b>Benefit</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy Benefit <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Benefit (NLX)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Quantity Limit <input type="checkbox"/> Step Therapy
<b>Specialty Limitations</b>	N/A		
<b>Contact Information</b>	<b>Specialty Medications</b>		
	All Plans	Phone: 866-814-5506	Fax: 866-249-6155
	<b>Non-Specialty Medications</b>		
	MassHealth	Phone: 877-433-7643	Fax: 866-255-7569
	Commercial	Phone: 800-294-5979	Fax: 888-836-0730
	Exchange	Phone: 855-582-2022	Fax: 855-245-2134
	<b>Medical Specialty Medications (NLX)</b>		
	All Plans	Phone: 844-345-2803	Fax: 844-851-0882
<b>Exceptions</b>	N/A		

**Overview**

Xarelto and Savaysa are factor Xa inhibitors which inhibit platelet activation and fibrin clot formation. Pradaxa is a thrombin inhibitor which blocks free and fibrin bound thrombin. These medications are indicated for:

- Treatment of deep venous thrombosis (DVT) and pulmonary embolism (PE) – **Pradaxa and Savaysa**
- Prevention of stroke and systemic embolism in patients with nonvalvular atrial fibrillation. – **Pradaxa, Xarelto, and Savaysa**
- Prophylaxis of DVT and/or PE in patients who have undergone total hip arthroplasty. - **Xarelto and Pradaxa**
- Prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism (VTE) – **Xarelto**
- Reduction in the risk of recurrence of deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and pulmonary embolism (PE) – **Xarelto**
- Reduction of risk of major cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, myocardial infarction, and stroke) in patients with coronary artery disease (chronic) or peripheral artery disease. - **Xarelto**

No PA	PA required
Pradaxa <sup>®</sup> (dabigatran etexilate mesylate 110 mg) ≤ 70 capsules/365 days	Pradaxa <sup>®</sup> (dabigatran etexilate mesylate 75 mg, 150 mg)
Eliquis <sup>®</sup> (apixaban) <sup>PD</sup>	Pradaxa <sup>®</sup> (dabigatran etexilate mesylate 110 mg) > 70 capsules/365 days
Xarelto <sup>®</sup> (rivaroxaban 10 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg, starter pack)	Savaysa <sup>®</sup> (edoxaban)
	Xarelto <sup>®</sup> (rivaroxaban 2.5 mg tablet)

<sup>PD</sup> Preferred Drug. Trial of the preferred drug or clinical rationale for prescribing a non-preferred drug within a therapeutic class. **Please note, for Anticoagulants, a trial with a preferred agent is not required prior to approval of a non-preferred agent.**



## Coverage Guidelines

Authorization may be granted for members new to AllWays Health Partners who are currently receiving treatment with the requested medication, for up to 6 months, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.

### OR

Authorization may be granted for members when all the following criteria are met, and documentation is provided for the following drug and/or diagnosis specific criteria:

### **Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate mesylate) & Savaysa® (edoxaban)**

#### **Nonvalvular atrial fibrillation, deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and/or pulmonary embolism (PE)**

1. Member has a diagnosis of ONE of the following:
  - a. Nonvalvular atrial fibrillation (Savaysa, Pradaxa 75mg and 150mg)
  - b. Deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and/or pulmonary embolism (PE) (Savaysa, Pradaxa 150mg)
2. **ONE** of the following†:
  - a. Adverse reaction (bleeding complications on warfarin) or contraindication (bleeding risk factors\*, pregnancy, major drug-drug interactions\*\*, hypersensitivity) to warfarin
  - b. Medical necessity for anticoagulation that does not require INR monitoring [i.e. difficulty obtaining INR monitoring (homebound, homeless, poor venous access, combative with blood draws, or frequent/extended travel that would make routine INR monitoring unfeasible)]
  - c. Inadequate response to  $\geq 30$  days of warfarin for reasons other than noncompliance (i.e. thromboembolic event while taking warfarin or consistent inability to maintain a therapeutic INR during the 30-day trial)

†Prescriber documents bypassing warfarin trial due to updated CHEST 2018 guidelines or AHA/ACC/HRS 2019 guidelines noting NOACs preferred over warfarin for AF (with the exception of those with moderate-to-severe mitral stenosis or a mechanical heart valve) or DVT/PE and no cancer diagnosis

#### **Reduction in the risk of recurrence of DVT and/or PE following 6 months of treatment**

1. Member is using medication for reduction in the risk of recurrence of DVT and/or PE following 6 months of treatment
2. The request is for Pradaxa 150mg
3. **ONE** of the following†:
  - d. Member has just completed treatment for DVT or PE with one of the novel oral anticoagulants (NOACs) (e.g. apixaban, dabigatran or rivaroxaban)
  - e. Adverse reaction (bleeding complications on warfarin) or contraindication (bleeding risk factors\*, pregnancy, major drug-drug interactions\*\*, hypersensitivity) to warfarin
  - f. Medical necessity for anticoagulation that does not require INR monitoring [i.e. difficulty obtaining INR monitoring (homebound, homeless, poor venous access, combative with blood draws, or frequent/extended travel that would make routine INR monitoring unfeasible)]
  - g. Inadequate response to  $\geq 30$  days of warfarin for reasons other than noncompliance (i.e. thromboembolic event while taking warfarin or consistent inability to maintain a therapeutic INR during the 30-day trial)

†Prescriber documents bypassing warfarin trial due to updated CHEST 2016 guidelines noting NOACs preferred over warfarin for DVT/PE and no cancer diagnosis

### **Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate mesylate) 110mg > 70 capsules/365 days**

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** of the following:



1. The member is using Pradaxa 110mg for prophylaxis deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and/or pulmonary embolism (PE) in total hip replacement surgery
2. If the request is for > 70 capsules/365 days, then is the member undergoing another hip replacement surgery

**Xarelto® (rivaroxaban) 2.5mg tablets**

Prescriber provides documentation of **ALL** the following:

1. Member is using Xarelto 2.5mg for the reduction of risk of major CV events in chronic CAD/PAD
2. **ONE** of the following:
  - a. Concomitant diagnosis of atrial fibrillation or venous thromboembolic disease
  - b. Member is currently stabilized on the requested agent (specific to 2.5 mg strength)
3. Member is also receiving concomitant aspirin therapy
4. Quantity limit of 60 tablets/30 days

**Continuation of Therapy**

Reauthorization requires physician attestation of continuation of therapy.

**Limitations**

1. Initial approvals:
  - a. Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate mesylate):
    - Hip replacement surgery (110 mg capsule): 70 capsules/365 days
    - All other approvals may be granted for up to 6 months
  - b. Savaysa® (edoxaban): Approvals may be granted for up to 6 months
  - c. Xarelto® (rivaroxaban): Approvals for 2.5 mg tablet may be granted for up to 6 months
2. Reauthorizations will be for 12 months
  - a. Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate mesylate), Savaysa® (edoxaban):
    - Atrial fibrillation: Approve for up to 1 year
  - b. Pradaxa® (dabigatran etexilate mesylate):
    - Reduction in the risk of recurrence of DVT/PE: Approve for up to 1 year
  - c. Xarelto® (rivaroxaban) 2.5 mg tablet:
    - Reduction in the risk of major CV events in chronic CAD/PAD: Approve for up to 1 year
3. The following quantity limits apply:

Xarelto 2.5 tablets	60 tablets per 30 days
Pradaxa 110 mg capsule	70 capsules per 365 days

**Appendix**

**\*Bleeding risk factors**

Bleeding risk factors can include prescriber noting any of the following: history of bleeding on warfarin; hypertension (systolic BP >160 mm Hg); abnormal liver function; drug or alcohol abuse; elevated INRs that require reversal of anticoagulation by vitamin K administration or by withholding warfarin doses.

**\*\*Major drug-drug interactions**

Major drug-drug interactions should be considered for concurrent chronic medications that are listed on the severity scale from Micromedex as contraindicated or major (i.e. amiodarone, simvastatin, tamoxifen, sertraline, etc.).



### **References**

1. Xarelto (rivaroxaban) [prescribing information]. Titusville, NJ: Janssen Pharmaceuticals Inc; January 2019.
2. Pradaxa (dabigatran) [prescribing information]. Ridgefield, CT: Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc; July 2020.
3. Savaysa (edoxaban) [prescribing information]. Basking Ridge, NJ: Daiichi Sankyo; April 2020.
4. Eliquis (apixaban) [product monograph]. Montreal, Canada: Bristol-Myers Squibb Canada Co; October 2019.

### **Review History**

09/30/2020 – Created and Reviewed Nov P&T Mtg; MH Partial Unified Formulary. Effective 1/1/2021

### **Disclaimer**

AllWays Health Partners complies with applicable federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate or exclude people on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex.